

N-Cyclohexyl-2-fluorobenzamide

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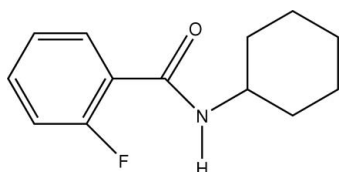
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 91$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.036; wR factor = 0.114; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.3.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{16}\text{FNO}$, the fluorobenzene ring plane and the plane through the amide unit are inclined at a dihedral angle of $29.92(7)^\circ$. The cyclohexane ring adopts a chair conformation. In the crystal structure, $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, augmented by weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interactions, link the molecules into transverse chains along a . These chains are linked into zigzag columns down a by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$ hydrogen bonds and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions.

Related literature

For background see: Saeed *et al.* (2008). For related structures, see: Kobal *et al.* (1990); Chopra & Guru Row (2008); Donnelly *et al.* (2008); Hou *et al.* (2004); Saeed *et al.* (2008). For information on the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen (2002). For ring puckering parameters, see: Cremer & Pople (1975).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{16}\text{FNO}$
 $M_r = 221.27$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1$
 $a = 5.1804(6)$ Å
 $b = 6.5309(8)$ Å
 $c = 16.6522(19)$ Å
 $\beta = 91.336(6)^\circ$

$V = 563.24(11)$ Å³
 $Z = 2$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 91(2)$ K
 $0.39 \times 0.16 \times 0.08$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2006)
 $T_{\min} = 0.822$, $T_{\max} = 0.993$
 7905 measured reflections

2117 independent reflections
 1884 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.114$
 $S = 1.12$
 2117 reflections
 148 parameters
 1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.30$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{HN1}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.87 (2)	2.20 (2)	3.0092 (18)	153.8 (19)
$\text{C9}-\text{H9B}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.99	2.67	3.446 (2)	136
$\text{C4}-\text{H4}\cdots\text{F1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.43	3.2326 (19)	142
$\text{C5}-\text{H5}\cdots\text{Cg1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.95	2.96	3.759 (2)	142
$\text{C9}-\text{H9A}\cdots\text{Cg1}^{\text{iv}}$	0.99	2.71	3.644 (2)	157

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$; (iii) $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$; (iv) $x, y - 1, z$. Cg1 is the centroid of the C2–C7 benzene ring.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *TITAN* (Hunter & Simpson, 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *TITAN*; molecular graphics: *ORTEPIII* (Farrugia, 1997) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*, *enCIFer* (Allen *et al.*, 2004), *PLATON* (Spek, 2003) and *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2008).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2713).

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supplementary materials

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N-Cyclohexyl-2-fluorobenzamide

A. Saeed, R. A. Khera, N. Abbas, J. Simpson and R. G. Stanley

Comment

The background to this study has been described in our earlier paper reporting the structure of 4-chloro-*N*-(3-methoxyphenyl)-benzamide (Saeed *et al.* 2008).

We report here the structure of the title 2-fluorobenzamide derivative, I, Fig 1. The C2—C1—O1—N1—C8 unit is planar with a maximum deviation of 0.0223 (10) Å. This plane makes a dihedral angle of 29.92 (7) ° with the fluorobenzene ring plane. The *N*-cyclohexyl ring adopts a chair conformation with Cremer-Pople puckering parameters Q(2)= 0.0138 (15) Å, $\varphi(2) = 23 (2)^\circ$ and Q(3) = 0.5763 (15) Å (Cremer & Pople, 1975). 2-fluorobenzamide derivatives with aliphatic substituents on the amide N atom are unusual with only one reasonably comparable derivative (Kobal *et al.* 1990) of the Cambridge Structural Database V5.29 (Allen, 2002). In contrast, *N*-aryl derivatives are more common and the salient bond distances and angles in the present molecule agree well with those reported previously (see for example Chopra & Guru Row, 2008; Donnelly *et al.*, 2008; Hou *et al.*, 2004).

In the crystal structure, chains are formed that run in opposite directions along *a* through N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds, Table 1, Fig 2. These interactions are supported by weak C9—H9B \cdots O1 hydrogen bonds. Additional weak C—H \cdots F hydrogen bonds and C—H \cdots π interactions link these chains into zigzag columns down *a* Fig. 3.

Experimental

2-Fluorobenzoyl chloride (1 mmol) in CHCl₃ was treated with cyclohexyl amine (3.5 mmol) under a nitrogen atmosphere at reflux for 5 h. Upon cooling, the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃ and washed consecutively with 1 M aq HCl and saturated aq NaHCO₃. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. Crystallization of the residue from CHCl₃ afforded the title compound (79%) as white needles: Anal. calcd. for C₁₃H₁₆FNO: C 70.56, H 7.29, N 6.33%; found: C 70.08, H 7.31, N 6.38%.

Refinement

The H atom bound to N1 was located in a difference electron density map and refined freely with an isotropic displacement parameter. All other H-atoms were refined using a riding model with d(C—H) = 0.95 Å, $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$ (C) for aromatic and 0.98 Å, $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}$ (C) for CH₃ H atoms. In the absence of significant anomalous dispersion effects, Friedel pairs were averaged.

Figures

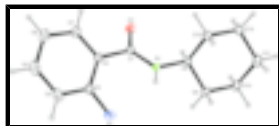


Fig. 1. The structure of (I) with displacement ellipsoids for the non-hydrogen atoms drawn at the 50% probability level.

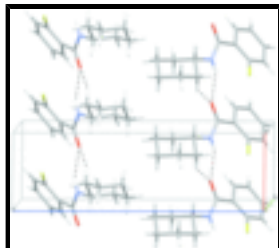


Fig. 2. Transverse chains formed along *a* by N—H...O hydrogen bonds.

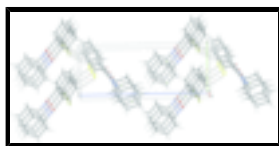


Fig. 3. Crystal packing of (I) viewed down the *a* axis.

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Crystal data

$C_{13}H_{16}FNO$

$M_r = 221.27$

Monoclinic, $P2_1$

Hall symbol: P 2yb

$a = 5.1804$ (6) Å

$b = 6.5309$ (8) Å

$c = 16.6522$ (19) Å

$\beta = 91.336$ (6)°

$V = 563.24$ (11) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F_{000} = 236$

$D_x = 1.305$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2700 reflections

$\theta = 3.4$ – 32.5 °

$\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹

$T = 91$ (2) K

Needle, colourless

$0.39 \times 0.16 \times 0.08$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

$T = 91$ (2) K

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2006)

$T_{\min} = 0.822$, $T_{\max} = 0.993$

7905 measured reflections

2117 independent reflections

1884 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 33.4$ °

$\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.2$ °

$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$

$k = -8 \rightarrow 9$

$l = -25 \rightarrow 24$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.114$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0702P)^2 + 0.0113P]$
$S = 1.12$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2117 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$
148 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
1 restraint	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	1.2369 (2)	0.9202 (2)	0.24742 (7)	0.0187 (3)
C1	1.0126 (3)	0.9513 (2)	0.22274 (9)	0.0122 (3)
C2	0.9598 (3)	1.1225 (2)	0.16419 (9)	0.0124 (3)
C3	0.7571 (3)	1.1292 (2)	0.10763 (9)	0.0142 (3)
F1	0.5940 (2)	0.96735 (18)	0.10014 (5)	0.0207 (2)
C4	0.7162 (3)	1.2929 (3)	0.05603 (9)	0.0187 (3)
H4	0.5765	1.2913	0.0180	0.022*
C5	0.8825 (3)	1.4593 (3)	0.06068 (10)	0.0207 (3)
H5	0.8553	1.5740	0.0264	0.025*
C6	1.0902 (3)	1.4580 (3)	0.11584 (10)	0.0203 (3)
H6	1.2055	1.5711	0.1188	0.024*
C7	1.1270 (3)	1.2908 (3)	0.16621 (9)	0.0162 (3)
H7	1.2697	1.2906	0.2031	0.019*
N1	0.8095 (3)	0.8430 (2)	0.24730 (8)	0.0129 (3)
HN1	0.655 (4)	0.883 (4)	0.2321 (12)	0.015*
C8	0.8378 (3)	0.6807 (2)	0.30746 (9)	0.0120 (3)

supplementary materials

H8	1.0140	0.6199	0.3028	0.014*
C9	0.6393 (3)	0.5126 (2)	0.29046 (10)	0.0144 (3)
H9A	0.6632	0.4574	0.2358	0.017*
H9B	0.4631	0.5708	0.2927	0.017*
C10	0.6683 (3)	0.3397 (3)	0.35200 (10)	0.0181 (3)
H10A	0.8385	0.2730	0.3462	0.022*
H10B	0.5329	0.2354	0.3416	0.022*
C11	0.6456 (3)	0.4213 (3)	0.43778 (10)	0.0193 (3)
H11A	0.4685	0.4736	0.4455	0.023*
H11B	0.6765	0.3084	0.4765	0.023*
C12	0.8402 (3)	0.5932 (3)	0.45444 (10)	0.0184 (3)
H12A	0.8131	0.6494	0.5088	0.022*
H12B	1.0175	0.5368	0.4532	0.022*
C13	0.8128 (3)	0.7651 (3)	0.39258 (9)	0.0167 (3)
H13A	0.9481	0.8695	0.4029	0.020*
H13B	0.6425	0.8319	0.3977	0.020*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0108 (5)	0.0210 (6)	0.0242 (6)	-0.0001 (4)	-0.0012 (4)	0.0060 (5)
C1	0.0126 (6)	0.0105 (6)	0.0135 (6)	0.0003 (5)	0.0004 (5)	0.0002 (5)
C2	0.0123 (6)	0.0121 (6)	0.0127 (6)	0.0005 (5)	0.0017 (5)	0.0002 (5)
C3	0.0137 (6)	0.0154 (7)	0.0134 (6)	-0.0003 (6)	0.0008 (5)	0.0008 (6)
F1	0.0216 (5)	0.0223 (5)	0.0178 (4)	-0.0069 (4)	-0.0065 (4)	0.0005 (4)
C4	0.0184 (7)	0.0235 (8)	0.0143 (6)	0.0043 (7)	0.0022 (5)	0.0036 (6)
C5	0.0218 (7)	0.0200 (8)	0.0207 (7)	0.0060 (6)	0.0061 (6)	0.0080 (7)
C6	0.0204 (7)	0.0151 (7)	0.0256 (8)	-0.0007 (6)	0.0061 (6)	0.0043 (7)
C7	0.0151 (7)	0.0149 (7)	0.0186 (7)	-0.0016 (6)	0.0012 (5)	0.0012 (6)
N1	0.0103 (5)	0.0135 (6)	0.0149 (6)	-0.0007 (5)	-0.0013 (4)	0.0032 (5)
C8	0.0114 (6)	0.0108 (6)	0.0136 (6)	0.0003 (5)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0021 (5)
C9	0.0133 (6)	0.0115 (7)	0.0183 (7)	-0.0011 (5)	-0.0006 (5)	-0.0004 (5)
C10	0.0191 (7)	0.0121 (7)	0.0230 (8)	-0.0011 (6)	-0.0002 (6)	0.0026 (6)
C11	0.0188 (7)	0.0177 (8)	0.0215 (7)	0.0016 (6)	0.0029 (6)	0.0071 (6)
C12	0.0224 (7)	0.0175 (8)	0.0152 (7)	0.0007 (6)	-0.0011 (6)	0.0028 (6)
C13	0.0234 (7)	0.0122 (7)	0.0142 (6)	-0.0008 (6)	-0.0023 (6)	0.0004 (5)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C1	1.2402 (18)	C8—C13	1.529 (2)
C1—N1	1.3395 (19)	C8—H8	1.0000
C1—C2	1.504 (2)	C9—C10	1.530 (2)
C2—C3	1.395 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9900
C2—C7	1.399 (2)	C9—H9B	0.9900
C3—F1	1.3571 (19)	C10—C11	1.532 (2)
C3—C4	1.384 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9900
C4—C5	1.388 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9900
C4—H4	0.9500	C11—C12	1.530 (2)
C5—C6	1.398 (2)	C11—H11A	0.9900

C5—H5	0.9500	C11—H11B	0.9900
C6—C7	1.387 (2)	C12—C13	1.528 (2)
C6—H6	0.9500	C12—H12A	0.9900
C7—H7	0.9500	C12—H12B	0.9900
N1—C8	1.4632 (19)	C13—H13A	0.9900
N1—HN1	0.87 (2)	C13—H13B	0.9900
C8—C9	1.526 (2)		
O1—C1—N1	123.26 (14)	C8—C9—C10	110.57 (12)
O1—C1—C2	119.42 (13)	C8—C9—H9A	109.5
N1—C1—C2	117.29 (12)	C10—C9—H9A	109.5
C3—C2—C7	116.58 (14)	C8—C9—H9B	109.5
C3—C2—C1	125.69 (14)	C10—C9—H9B	109.5
C7—C2—C1	117.74 (13)	H9A—C9—H9B	108.1
F1—C3—C4	117.29 (13)	C9—C10—C11	111.03 (14)
F1—C3—C2	119.65 (14)	C9—C10—H10A	109.4
C4—C3—C2	123.03 (15)	C11—C10—H10A	109.4
C3—C4—C5	118.96 (14)	C9—C10—H10B	109.4
C3—C4—H4	120.5	C11—C10—H10B	109.4
C5—C4—H4	120.5	H10A—C10—H10B	108.0
C4—C5—C6	119.94 (15)	C12—C11—C10	111.09 (14)
C4—C5—H5	120.0	C12—C11—H11A	109.4
C6—C5—H5	120.0	C10—C11—H11A	109.4
C7—C6—C5	119.64 (16)	C12—C11—H11B	109.4
C7—C6—H6	120.2	C10—C11—H11B	109.4
C5—C6—H6	120.2	H11A—C11—H11B	108.0
C6—C7—C2	121.84 (14)	C13—C12—C11	111.48 (13)
C6—C7—H7	119.1	C13—C12—H12A	109.3
C2—C7—H7	119.1	C11—C12—H12A	109.3
C1—N1—C8	121.65 (12)	C13—C12—H12B	109.3
C1—N1—HN1	118.4 (16)	C11—C12—H12B	109.3
C8—N1—HN1	119.3 (15)	H12A—C12—H12B	108.0
N1—C8—C9	109.73 (12)	C12—C13—C8	110.57 (13)
N1—C8—C13	111.36 (12)	C12—C13—H13A	109.5
C9—C8—C13	111.09 (13)	C8—C13—H13A	109.5
N1—C8—H8	108.2	C12—C13—H13B	109.5
C9—C8—H8	108.2	C8—C13—H13B	109.5
C13—C8—H8	108.2	H13A—C13—H13B	108.1
O1—C1—C2—C3	152.45 (16)	C1—C2—C7—C6	-178.45 (14)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-29.4 (2)	O1—C1—N1—C8	1.5 (2)
O1—C1—C2—C7	-27.8 (2)	C2—C1—N1—C8	-176.60 (13)
N1—C1—C2—C7	150.43 (14)	C1—N1—C8—C9	-147.62 (14)
C7—C2—C3—F1	177.27 (13)	C1—N1—C8—C13	88.97 (17)
C1—C2—C3—F1	-2.9 (2)	N1—C8—C9—C10	179.13 (12)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-0.8 (2)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-57.29 (16)
C1—C2—C3—C4	179.00 (14)	C8—C9—C10—C11	56.43 (17)
F1—C3—C4—C5	-178.59 (14)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-55.36 (18)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.5 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13	55.12 (19)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.2 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-55.66 (18)

supplementary materials

C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.7 (3)	N1—C8—C13—C12	179.44 (13)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-0.7 (2)	C9—C8—C13—C12	56.80 (17)
C3—C2—C7—C6	1.4 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—HN1 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.87 (2)	2.20 (2)	3.0092 (18)	153.8 (19)
C9—H9B \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.99	2.67	3.446 (2)	136
C4—H4 \cdots F1 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.43	3.2326 (19)	142
C5—H5 \cdots Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.96	3.759 (2)	142
C9—H9A \cdots Cg1 ^{iv}	0.99	2.71	3.644 (2)	157

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1, y, z$; (ii) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z$; (iii) $-x+2, y+1/2, -z$; (iv) $x, y-1, z$.

Fig. 1

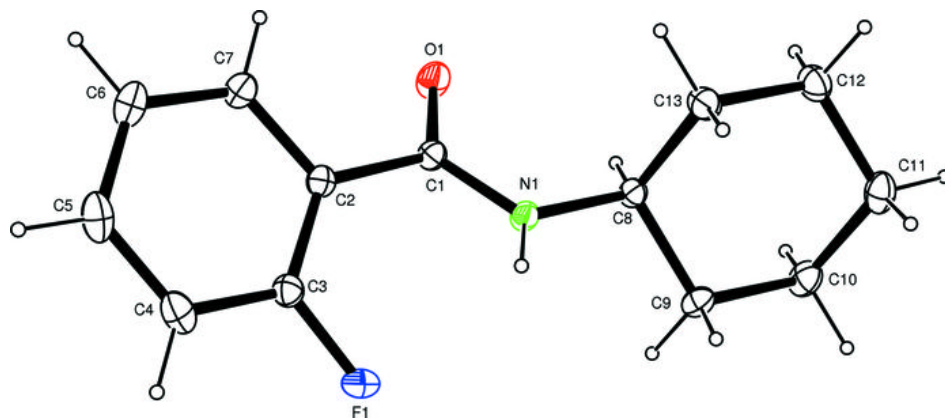


Fig. 2

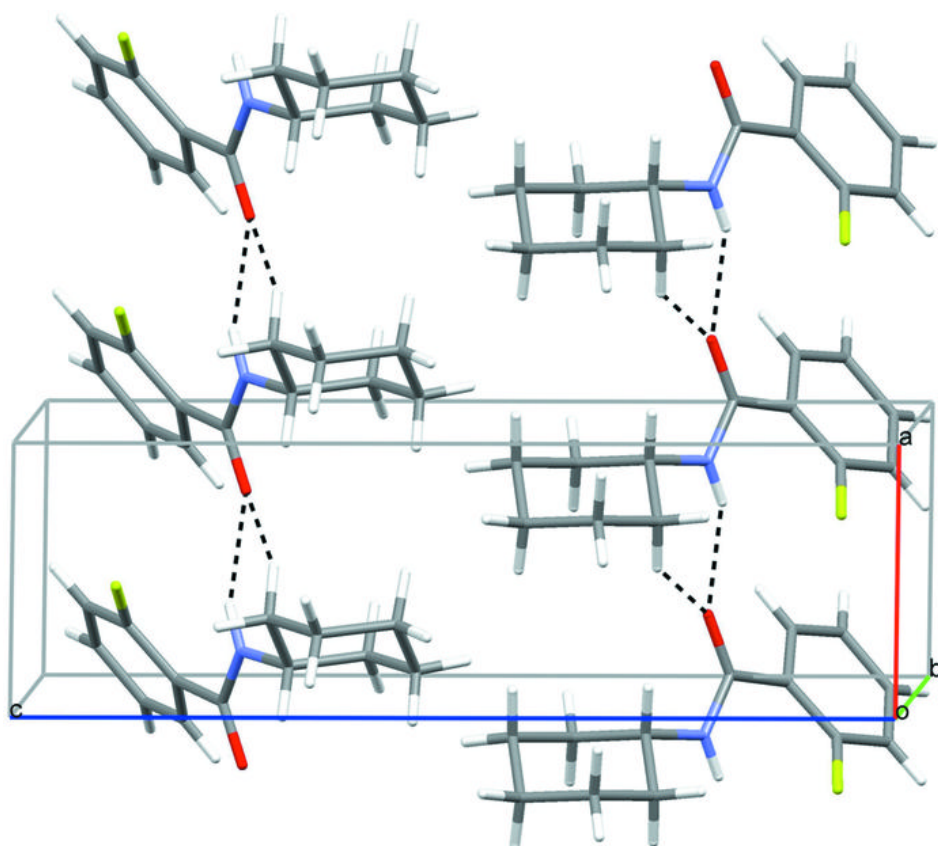


Fig. 3

